

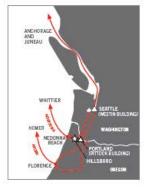
**Broadband Deployment In Price Cap Areas June 16, 2016** 





### **Alaska Communications Communities**

#### NORTHWEST CONNECTION





Network Operations Control Center & Remote Data Hosting Center





- Fiber Optic Cable

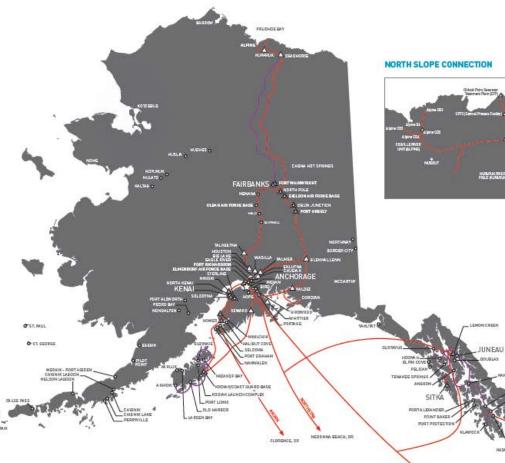
- Microwave Links Updated on 6/5/2015. This map is a geographical representation and coverage shown is approximate. Depiction includes both owned and leased assecs.



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#### **CAF II Terms for Alaska Communications**

- Qualifying broadband service will be deployed to up to 26,000 unserved locations in eligible census blocks
- Alaska Communications will not be expected to deploy to more locations than are in eligible census blocks
  - Eligible census blocks will be those meeting the definition of highcost, accessible via the road system, and unserved by a competitor according to the June 2015 FCC Form 477 data
  - Location is "unserved by a competitor" if 10/1 Mbps is not available from a service provider unaffiliated with Alaska Communications
  - First deployment milestone will be 12-31-20
  - Deployment will be completed over **10 years** (completed by 12-31-26)



## Alaska Communications' Analysis Is Based On the Commission's Own Model

- The Commission conceded that Alaska costs and geography are not accurately captured by the model
- Nevertheless, Alaska Communications' proposal for CAF II build-out was premised on the census blocks that were deemed high-cost and "unserved by a qualifying competitor" under the model
- Alaska Communications' February 3, 2015 proposal to serve 26,000 unserved locations was based on model version 4.2, the last published version that included AK data, in which 1218 census blocks are eligible for support
- The company must identify the census blocks, and the total number of locations, to which it intends to deploy by 12-31-17
- Network engineers already have devoted significant time to analyzing locations in order to begin planning for CAF II deployment
- Two days ago Alaska Communications was presented with a new list of census blocks the Bureau represents are unserved by a competitor and eligible according to June 2015 Form 477 data -- Alaska Communications has not been able to reconcile this data with model version 4.2 data
- FCC policy should not be based on "surprise" but on model version 4.2 data that all parties have had time to analyze



#### **CAF II Terms for Alaska Communications, cont.**

- Alaska Communications will complete its build-out to the required number of locations by deploying broadband to unserved locations within eligible census blocks except that:
  - Up to 25 percent of the required number of locations may be unserved locations in partially-served census blocks and
  - Up to 10 percent of the required number of locations may be unserved locations in census blocks with model-based costs below the high-cost threshold but adjacent to eligible high-cost census blocks
- The Commission will conduct a supplemental challenge process after Alaska Communications submits a list of partially-served census blocks to which it intends to deploy broadband using CAF II support
- Broadband service will be made available at minimum speeds of 10/1 Mbps in all locations, and 25/3 Mbps in selected locations, with latency suitable for realtime applications, and capacity and price meeting FCC reasonable comparability standards
- "Reasonably comparable pricing" should be reasonable for Alaska



#### **Forbearance for Alaska Communications**

- In accordance with the Commission's December 2014 order, Alaska Communications should be relieved from **ETC** obligations in certain census blocks, such as those that are unsupported and not high-cost
- Blanket Section 214 discontinuance authority also should be granted for voice service obligations in unsupported areas
  - Unlike other price cap carriers, Alaska Communications is receiving no increase in high-cost support, but is being required to deploy broadband to select locations at considerable expense to the company
  - It is unreasonable to require voice service to be provided without support in high-cost and extremely high-cost areas that previously benefited from high-cost support
- Alternatively, Alaska Communications should be entitled to any voice support mechanism adopted for other price cap carriers – Alaskans should not be punished because the FCC's CAM model was not accurate for Alaska



### The Absence of Affordable Middle-Mile Capacity Limits the Possibility of Wider Broadband Deployment in Alaska

- By far the greatest barrier to broadband deployment in Alaska is the lack of sufficient, affordable middle-mile capacity
  - Alaska has 188 off-road (Bush) communities, most of which have no access to affordable broadband
- The nearly \$1 billion budgeted for CETCs in Alaska presents a unique opportunity to reduce this barrier and increase accountability for the use of support by CETCs
  - The Brattle Group estimated that only 16% of the cost of serving remote Alaska should be spent on last-mile, 84% on middle mile
  - If CETCs intend to spend the entire \$1 billion in ten years, they should spend a substantial portion on middle mile
  - If the CETCs fail to devote a substantial portion of this support to middle mile, they will have failed to use the support efficiently and close the broadband gap – remote communities will remain stranded



# Sufficient, Affordable Middle Mile Must Be Part of Any Broadband Deployment In Remote Alaska

- The Commission should require that CETCs devote sufficient funding to construction of middle-mile facilities to connect all of the locations where they are using CAF support to deliver last-mile broadband capability
- The Commission should require that CETCs in Alaska report annually on the portion of funds that they have devoted to middle-mile facilities, and where those middle-mile facilities have been deployed
- The FCC should monitor whether sufficient CETC support, in fact, is being used for deployment of affordable, advanced middle-mile capacity
- If necessary, the Commission should make a **mid-course correction** and require that supported locations be linked to the Internet and other facilities via adequate, affordable middle mile operated on a common carrier basis
- Middle-mile investment, available to all on a common carrier basis, will reduce the cost of all universal service programs in Alaska over time



#### **Summary**

- Alaska Communications urges the Commission to move forward with CAF II terms for both Alaska Communications and the rate-ofreturn LECs in Alaska
- All support should be tied to realistic build-out and performance obligations with reasonable accountability for all
- CETC support raises a unique opportunity to make a difference for the most remote parts of Alaska by enabling deployment of middle-mile capability to the most remote parts of the state
- Failure to mandate that such facilities be constructed and operated on a common carrier basis will leave the broadband gap in place and squander most of the last-mile investment in remote Alaska – these communities will remain stranded